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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF TULSA COUNTY
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                          STATE OF OKLAHOMA
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    THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA,
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                      Plaintiff,
                                        CASE NO. CF-2009-244
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                                        Judge Carlos Chappelle
    -V-
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    PATRICK LONDON.,
                                                       DISTRICT COURT
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                      Defendant.
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                                                     SALLY HOWE SMITH, COURT CLERK
                    TRANSCRIPT OF MOTION HEARING
                                                      STATE OF OKLA. TULSA COUNTY
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                        HAD MARCH 19th, 2010,
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               BEFORE THE HONORABLE CARLOS CHAPPELLE,
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                    JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT,
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                           TULSA, OKLAHOMA.
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   APPEARANCES:
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    For the State:
                                     Ms. Kristin Fulton
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                                     Assistant District Attorney
                                     500 S. Denver
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                                     Tulsa, Oklahoma
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    For the Defendant:
                                    Ms. Jill Webb
                                     Assistant Public Defender
                                     423 S. Boulder, Suite 300
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                                     Tulsa, Oklahoma 74103
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   REPORTED BY:
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    TAISHA A. IRONS, C.S.R.
    TULSA COUNTY COURTHOUSE, 500 S. DENVER
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    TULSA, OKLAHOMA 74103 (918) 596-5328
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PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: This is CF-2009-244; In The Matter of the State of Oklahoma, Plaintiff, versus Patrick Neil London, Defendant. This matter comes on today on Defendant's Motion to Quash, Suppress and Dismiss Based on Illegal Search filed February 23rd, 2010, and also the State's Response to Motion to Quash, Suppress and Dismiss Based on an Illegal Search filed March the 5th, 2010. The plaintiff is present, represented by Ms. Kristin Fulton and the defendant is present, represented by Ms. Jill Webb.

And let the record reflect the Court has had an opportunity to review those pleadings, also the transcript of the preliminary hearing -- actually the first hearing on the 15th day of June, 2009. And then there was also a subsequent hearing before Judge Mcallister on the 5th day of June, 2009.

All right. Ms. Webb, it's your motion. You proceed first.

MS. WEBB: Your Honor, it's clear and it appears that the State concedes actually that the reason given for the search in this case was false and that that testimony given by Officer Hill was perjury. He testified explicitly both at preliminary hearing and in his TRACIS and in a motion hearing later that the reason that

Mr. London was arrested and searched incident to that arrest was because he found out about a warrant. That warrant, in fact, was not found out about until booking. So he lied.

And the reason that we have the exclusionary rule, Your Honor, is to prevent officers from lying.

Because even though if the law were applied equitably, what would happen is he would be charged by the District Attorney's Office with perjury. That's not going to happen. Probably the only consequence of this is that the case should legally and lawfully and properly be dismissed in order to teach officers not to lie and not to do unconstitutional searches. That's why we have the exclusionary rule.

Under the laws of Oklahoma, exclusionary -- the exclusion of evidence is not just a procedural matter; it's a fundamental right under Oklahoma law. And that is according to Oklahoma Supreme Court case, Turner V. Lawton in 733 P2d 275. The reason in the State's response that's given for the arrest is new. For the first time the State asserts he wasn't searched or arrested incident to finding out about a warrant; he was searched and arrested incident for being arrested for failure to stop at a stop sign and for a defective vehicle having a non-working headlight. Those are not arrestable offenses.

According to Oklahoma Statute 22, Sections 1115.1(A), it states that anyone who is arrested by a law enforcement officer solely for a misdemeanor violation of a state traffic law or a municipal traffic ordinance shall be released by that arresting officer.

There is no option for an officer to arrest someone for failure to stop at a stop sign or a defective vehicle for a non-working headlight under a statute.

So what should have happened, he should have been issued ticket and arrested, instead he was searched illegally. The police lied about it. And then when they got caught, they continued to lie about it. And then the State, when they realized that they couldn't get out of a lie, changed the reason for the arrest to something that's not even arrestable by statute.

Legally, Your Honor, I don't think that there's any other option other than to exclude the evidence from the results of this search, the illegal search, the clearly illegal search and dismiss the case against Mr. London.

THE COURT: Ms. Fulton?

MS. FULTON: Your Honor, if you could show me standing in for Assistant District Attorney Kyle Felty.

Concerning the arguments and the issue of the exclusion rule, the arrest of the defendant in this case

was proper. And as the Court is aware in Jacobs versus State, Court of Criminal Appeals 2006 OK CR, No. 4; regardless of the reason for the stop, the defendant's subsequent discovery or awareness of failure to pay warrants in it appears three separate felony cases would cure any defect, even if there is one in this case and the search that led to trafficking amount of drugs that is the subject of this case.

And the fact that the defendant did have valid arrest warrants at the time of the stop and search on January 12th, 2009, would cure any problems with the search and stop that defense counsel argues about in this case.

And with that, the State would stand on the record and the law.

THE COURT: The defendant's authority and arguments are absolutely correct. In this case he was stopped for a traffic violation. He apparently had a valid license or whatever. And then subsequent to that time the officers arrested him for what they stated at preliminary hearing were outstanding warrants. At the time they arrested him, they didn't even know he had outstanding warrants.

Another interesting thing about this case is if you look at the defendant's motion and you look at the log

that was going on between the officers and dispatch, there is nothing to indicate that there were any warrants out.

And then the defendant in this case filed a motion with this Court ordering them to turn over phone records. And if I remember correctly, I had a couple hearings on the phone records, and they never did disclose to the defendant or the Court the phone records.

The logs are attached to the motion. The phone records were never provided, which makes it clear in this case the officer did in fact lie about when they discovered that warrants -- outstanding warrants were in effect. And they didn't arrest him -- they couldn't arrest him pursuant to the statutes cited -- she is absolutely correct -- for the defective vehicle, tail lights. So the only thing they could arrest him for were outstanding warrants. And that's what they arrested him for. It was clear from the preliminary hearing transcript and actually -- well, actually the preliminary hearing transcript transcript and then the subsequent hearing that was held.

I'm going to sustain the defendant's motions at this time. Order the case be dismissed.

What is the pleasure of the State?

MS. FULTON: Your Honor, at this time the State would announce it's intent to appeal.

THE COURT: Okay. Give me date in about ten

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days.
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             THE BAILIFF: April 5th.
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             THE COURT: April 5th at nine o'clock.
             Is he being held on anything else?
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             MS. WEBB: No, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Mr. London, make sure you return here
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   April 5th at nine o'clock so the State can advise the
   Court what it's done.
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             MR. LONDON: Yes, sir
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                        (End of proceedings.)
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1 CERTIFICATE 2 STATE OF OKLAHOMA 3 SS COUNTY OF TULSA 4 I, Taisha A. Irons, Certified Shorthand 5 Reporter within and for the State of Oklahoma, do hereby 6 7 certify that on March 19, 2010, before the Hon. Carlos Chappelle, Judge for the District Court of Tulsa County, 8 9 State of Oklahoma, I stenographically reported the proceedings had and the evidence given; and that the above 10 11 and foregoing is a true, correct, and complete transcript 12 of the proceedings had and the testimony given, at said time and place, to the best of my ability, as per the 13 Order To Prepare Transcript. 14 15 Witness my hand this 8th day of April, 2010. 16 17 18 TAISHA IRONS Oklahoma Certified Shorthand Reporter 19 Certificate No. 1842 Exp. Date: December 31, 2010 20 21 22 23 24 25